PAGE

3

S.A. SALIM PERSONAL NOTES

Address to the Members of the National Defence College of Canada - at the Dag-Hammashold Library at the U. N. Friday, November 19, 1971 at 4.15 p.m.

Subject: Role & Policies of Tanzania in the United Nations.

- (A) Introduction: Thanks Ambassador Yvon Beaulne & Military Adviser to the Canadian delegation, Lt. Colonel Newlands.
 - a general outline of my address will only highlight some of the issues and our position on this.
- (B) How we view the UN:
 - (i) In the light of what has been said in the last few weeks following restoration of China's rights:
 - (ii) Tanzania attaches a lot of importance to the United Nations: Why?
 - (iii) No other instrument for international peace as effective as this.
 - despite its limitation last year was silver jubilee of organization.
 - 25 years without international conflagration-no mean achievement.
 - (iv) The United Nations provides a forum for small countries like Tanzania to air their views on burning world issues:
 - And through the implementation of its principle our survival and growth in peace and security depends.
 - (v) We recognize its limitations e.g.: failure to act decisively in solution of international conflicts like Vietnam, Middle East & other dangerous situations.
 - (vi) The weakness also stems from the attitude of the powerful nations who are anxious to limit powers of the Organization.
 - (vii) But those weaknesses and limitations should serve as a challenge and not make us abandon the organization.

- 2 -

- (viii) Thus, we have since our membership steadfastly strived to strengthen and give the organization all the support in response.
- (ix) Struggle to rectify its imperfections-i.e.
 lack of universality.
- (D) Tanzania foreign policy priorities
 - Total African liberation and African Unity basic objectives of our Government. Africa's freedom is for us a maker of our very survival. There are issues of direct relevance to us.
 - Elaborate on the problems of Southern Africa:
 Portuguese Colonies and the attitude
 of Portugal
 Rhodesia
 Namibia
 South Africa
 - Whether we should have peaceful & violent changes.
- (E) Our priorities are reflected in our role & policies in the UN: thus since independence we have at the UN actively supported the struggle for freedom.
 - Role in the Committee of 24. Not 'bored' with discussions on apartheid & colonialism.

 Membership in Human Rights Commission. Active participation on all related issues.

 Practical assistance at the UN on refugees
 - Our membership with Canada in the Advisory Committee on UN Educational & Training Programme for Southern Africa.
- (F) Freedom like Peace & Security is indivisible:
 Thus we have constantly
 - (1) spoken in support for the cause of freedom & justice the world over
 - (2) Security of small & medium sized states
 - (a) oppose any outside interference in the affairs of states e.g. Vietnam, Cuba & Czechoslovakia.
- (G) Tanzania's role:

PAGE

- 3 -

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- Prole in the Non-Nuclear states conference.
- Our reservation in the manner disarmament is tackled where those who have continue to pile up.

Sea-bed

-Vice chairman of the Ad hoc Committee following its

production in 1967

Currently Chairman of Committee I-dealing with Require
& international machinery

-Our presentation of the draft statute on the Sea-bed authority.

Peace-Keeping

- We have always considered this as an important item.
Unfortunately there seems to be not so much cutlined.

The lost manning the majority of membership.

Why we attach importance to peacekeeping: enforcement measures by the Council say in Southern Africa.

- Problems of the Middle East etc.
- Our position on UNRWA and the conflict as such.
- (H) Economic & Social questions:
 - Where the UN has achieved considerable progress in mutilated cooperation.

Our role: in ECOSOC-ten years ago membership ended. UNDP Governing Council

- term expiring
- Our own contribution to UNDP not insignificant.
 UNCTAD
 Human Rights Commission.
- (I) The work of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees.
 - Tanzania's attitude to refugees: e.g. Influx from Southern Africar avoiding persecution.
- (J) What of our attitude on
 - (a) Human Environment & Pollution outerspace.
 - (b) Budgetary matters- we are equally concerned at the the finances of the organization. Oppose the ambivalent attitude of the big powers on matters of financing.

- 4 -

- Our Membership in the ACABQ.
- (K) Regional & Political caucuses
 - (1) African Group with the Secretariat
 - (2) Afro-Asian Group
 - (3) Non-aligned Group.
- (L) Conclusion (a)
 - (a) Sum up our role in different Committees and organs: Among others we are members:
 - (1) Committee of 24
 - (2) Sea-bed Committee
 - (3) Human Rights Commission
 - (4) ACABQ
 - (5) UNDP Governing Council
 - (6) Committee on Housing, Building & Planning
 - (7) Advisory Committee for the leading Dissemination of International Law
 - (8) Advisory Committee on the Educational & Training Programme for Southern Africa.
 - (9) CPC
 - (b) Our assessment in the future role 7 policies in the light of the new circumstances at the United Nations.